Journey
Any wanderer will tell you that there is something magical about discovering new places and old traditions.

Journey is a 90-minute voyage of dance and music through the heartbeat of the world’s cultures. In this show you will see Irish hard shoe, American clogging, Ukrainian hopak, exotic Southeast Asian and Indian dances, and much more. Experiencing the ensemble’s furious footwork, pulsing rhythms, live music, and authentic costumes will leave you with a special kind of wanderlust.

So throw off the bowlines and catch the wind in your sails as our companion on this Journey.

China: Red and Green
In China the color red represents celebration and green represents new birth. In northwest China young women and young men dance with fans to depict their happiness and hope for the future.
Choreography: Jiamin Huang
Music: “Spring Festival Overture,” by Li Huanzhi; recorded by China National Centre for the Performing Arts Orchestra

Haiti: Papa Loko
An African-based dance celebrating Yemoja, the goddess of water, “Papa Loko” is performed to music derived from Vodou religious culture and includes motifs of water and waves. Important to West African slaves who were taken across the ocean to the New World, water sustains life and offers hope.
Choreography: Gary Larsen
Restaging: Emily Hatch
Music: “Papa Loko—Rara Papiyon,” traditional; recorded by Sångensemblen Amanda

Ireland: A Lovely Madness
This suite of dances features the lyrical beauty of the women’s slip jig danced in 9/8 time, followed by a light jig danced in 6/8 time presenting the strength of the men. The energetic soft- and hard-shoe double reel finish the suite, typifying the precision and formations of Irish figure dancing.
Choreography: Tara Reid-O’Brien
Music: “Mister Molly’s,” by Beoga; and “Fiddler’s Despair,” by Natalie MacMaster and Donnell Leahy; performed by Mountain Strings
Soloist: Victoria Ringer

USA: Pen of Love
Music: “When God Dips His Pen of Love in My Heart,” by Cleavant Derricks; performed by Mountain Strings

USA: Boot Kickin’
Country-western line and swing dancing includes the cowboy cha-cha, the two-step, the vine, heel digs, lifts, and spins. Influenced by the American cowboy culture, this type of dancing is also known as “kicker dancing” in Texas.
Choreography: Colleen West, Lyndsey Wulfenstein, and Garett Madril
Music: Based on “Fake ID,” by Big & Rich; performed by Mountain Strings
Lyrics: Mark Geslison

USA: Percussive Thunder
The intricate and percussive sounds of Appalachian clogging combine with traditional American music as an energetic and playful competition unfolds on stage.
Choreography: Greg Tucker
Music: “Little Liza Jane,” traditional; “Dueling Banjos,” by Arthur Smith; and “In the Sally Gardens,” traditional; performed by Mountain Strings
Musical arrangement: Mark Geslison

USA: Charleston
The Charleston dance craze of the 1920s was popularized by the rhythms of James P. Johnson’s tune “The Charleston.” It was made popular in Harlem and on stages worldwide.
Choreography: Colleen West with Emily Kleinkopf
Music: “Five Foot Two,” by Ray Henderson; performed by Mountain Strings
Musical arrangement: Mark Geslison

USA: Ida Red
Music: “Ida Red” and “Forked Deer,” traditional; performed by Mountain Strings
Musical arrangement: Mark Geslison

USA: Suzy
American clogging lands on the contemporary stage in an exciting fusion of dance styles. This is “thoroughly modern” clogging.
Choreography: Greg Tucker and Maria Tucker
Music: “Suzy,” by Caravan Palace; performed by Mountain Strings

USA: Orange Blossom Special
Music: “Orange Blossom Special,” by Ervin T. Rouse; performed by Mountain Strings
Musical arrangement: Mark Geslison

India: Nagada, Nagada
Bollywood, the famed film industry based in Mumbai, India, is characterized by flashy musical numbers, love triangles, and melodrama. The dancing in Bollywood films is rooted in traditional Indian dance, including bharata natyam and bhangra, fused with Western dance styles. “Nagada, Nagada” is the story of a young man attempting to win the heart of a beautiful girl.
Choreography: Greg Rawlings and Sally Rawlings
Music: “Nagada, Nagada,” by Pritam Chakraborty; recorded by Javed Ali and Sonu Nigam

INTERMISSION

Indonesia: Saman
This dance form originates from the Gayo people of Aceh Province in northern Sumatra. Traditionally performed for national or religious celebrations, these dances unify villages. The Saman dance tradition includes live singing by the performers, with lyrics that tell folktales to give counsel or offer spiritual enlightenment. Often referred to as the “dance of a thousand hands,” the dancers sit in a long line and produce shifting rhythms with their hands.
Choreography: Rustin Van Katwyk
Music: “Hai Jala” and “Hayla Hotsa,” traditional; performed by International Folk Dance Ensemble, with drums by Jake Goehring

**Mexico: La Bruja**
This is a traditional dance from the state of Veracruz. According to an ancient Mexican legend, “La Bruja” (“The Enchantress”) tells the story of a grieving mother who, with a candle atop her head to illuminate the way, searches for her lost children.
Choreography: Jeanette Geslison
Music: “La Bruja,” by Tlen Huicaní; recorded by Tlen Huicaní

**Mexico: Veracruz Espectacular**
The music and dance of Veracruz blends Spanish, African, and Caribbean rhythms. Old is made new, including the timeless la bamba wedding dance.
Choreography: Miguel Peña
Music: Traditional

**Slovakia: Lúčnica**
“Lúčnica” (“Forever Young”) best describes this suite of dances from Slovakia: verbunk, syracovy, and karićka. It is also the name of the Slovak National Folklore Ballet, the BYU ensemble’s friends in Bratislava.
Choreography: Ervin Varga
Music: Traditional; performed by Mountain Strings and Allyssa Pehrson

**Romania: Gypsy**
Music: “Gypsy,” by Mark Geslison; performed by Mountain Strings

**Spain: Latido del Corazón**
Meaning “heartbeat,” “Latido del Corazón” belongs to the spirited rumba flamencó dance style, which incorporates both Spanish and Cuban influences.
Choreography: Marisol Encinias
Music: “Quiéreme,” by José Luis Figuereo; performed by Mountain Strings

**Hungary: Rábaközi Lakodalmas**
This representation of a Hungarian wedding depicts the traditions of a Rábaköz village processional, a men’s verbunk dance, and the well-loved couples’ csárdás.
Choreography: Jeanette Geslison
Music: Traditional; recorded by Dűvő

**Hungary: Élő Fény**
These men’s dances from the village of Méhkerék are much loved. The slapping and clapping style with very intricate rhythmic patterns has become favored by professional Hungarian dance ensembles.
Choreography: Gary Larsen
Music: Jaw harp by Isaac Geslison

**Ukraine: Poltavskyi Duet**
Couples compete for prominence in this lively contest.
Choreography: Richard Wacko
Music: Traditional
Ireland: Irish Blessing
Lyrics: Traditional
Original composition: Geoff Groberg

Ukraine: Hopak
Recognized as the national dance of Ukraine, hopak was performed exclusively by men in the 15th and 16th centuries during the famous Cossack period. By the 19th century, women had become a regular part of the dance, adding to the spirit of this Ukrainian hallmark.
Choreography: Colleen West with Edwin G. Austin Jr.
Music: Traditional; recorded by Intermountain Symphony Orchestra
Musical arrangement: Tyler Castleton and Daniel Lee